

WATER WARLERS

We use water every day for things like drinking, cooking, and cleaning. Only 1% of the Earth's freshwater (water without salt) can be used for these things, so we must protect what we have. We can do this by using less water in our homes and by keeping our rivers and creeks clean.





Take shorter showers.



Did you know frogs don't drink water? They absorb it through their skin and need to stay wet to survive!





RIVER RESIDENTS

Platypus are a threatened species and need healthy rivers for their survival. These curious animals forage for food in the riverbed but build their burrows on the riverbank where it's dry.



Put a bucket in the shower and use the water in your garden.



Plant native plants to reduce the amount of water needed to water your garden.



Scrape food scraps from your plate instead of rinsing with water.



Only do full loads in the washing machine and dishwasher.





Growing your own food is a great way to help the environment and is really good for you too!

Helping the planet

Fruit and vegetables grown on farms often travel a long way in trucks before reaching your dinner plate. This creates carbon emissions that are bad for the planet.

Eating organic

By not using chemicals in your garden your veggies and fruit will be organic. This is better for you and better for the insects and animals in your garden.

Saving money

Collecting and growing your own veggie seeds is lots of fun and is a cheap way to grow your own food.

Connecting with nature

When you get your hands dirty in the garden you connect with the environment around you and what's happening in your garden.

Fresh is best

Food from the garden is always fresher and tastes better than buying it from the grocery store.





Reduce waste by putting your garden cuttings and food scraps into a compost bin or worm farm. Turn your waste into valuable food for your garden!





SEED ACTIVITY

Follow these simple steps to discover how seeds grow into plants. Once your seeds have grown, you can then plant them into the garden.

Step 1

Find an old jar. An old jam jar or something similar is perfect.

Step 2

Fill the jar halfway with wet paper towel. Make sure you fill all the empty spaces.

Step 3

Plant your seeds. Bean or pea seeds are perfect for this activity. Push 3 or 4 seeds down the side of the jar so that they sit between the glass and the paper towel.

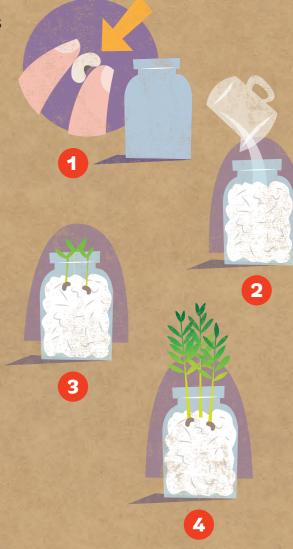
Step 4

Make sure you keep your paper towel damp over the coming days so that your seeds can grow.

Step 5

Keep a diary over the next ten days and write down how your seeds are changing.

Placing mulch around the plants in your garden will help keep the soil damp and stop weeds growing.



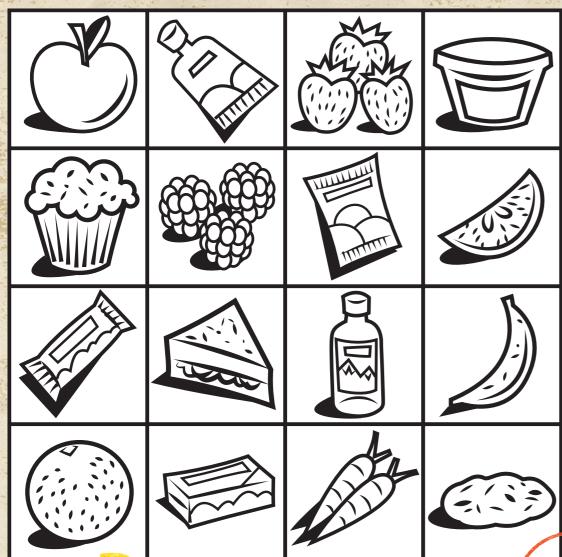
once your seeds have grown lots of strong roots and you have finished your ten day seed diary, plant them into your garden and harvest the peas and beans when they are ready.



SUSTAINABLE FOOD

'Nude Food' is food without extra packaging. Many of our favourite lunchbox treats are wrapped in plastic packaging that ends up in landfill and is bad for the environment. It's super easy to pack delicious lunchbox snacks in reusable containers and reduce our plastic waste.







What nude food will you pack in your next school lunch box? Colour in the pictures and circle the nude food items.

Did you know that 65% of the food we throw away at home could have been eaten? Rather than throw them in the bin, turn your fruit and veggie scraps into tasty muffins!



Please cook these muffins with an adult as they will need your help!



NO WASTE MUFFINS

- · 2 cups self-raising flour
- · 1/2 cup caster sugar
- 1/2 cup of milk (cow, almond, coconut etc.)
- · 2 eggs
- · 60g butter or coconut oil
- 1/2 cups left over fruit or veg chopped or grated (bananas, strawberry, carrots, capsicum, etc.)
- I cup choc chips or grated cheese (depending if sweet or savory)

Method

Preheat your oven to 180C fanforced.

Step 1

Sift the dry ingredients into a mixing bowl and make a well in the centre.

Step 2

Melt the butter/coconut oil and let cool slightly.

Step 3

Add all the wet ingredients into your dry ingredients, along with your chosen veggies or fruit.

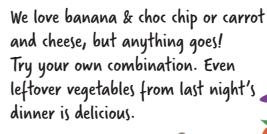
Gently mix everything together with a wooden spoon.

Step 4

Line a muffin tray with muffin cases and spoon mixture evenly into each one. Bake for 20 minutes or until firm to touch.







WILDFLOWERS FOR POLLINATORS

A habitat is a place where an animal can find the food, water and shelter that it needs to survive.

Planting a patch of native wildflowers will fill your garden with colour and provide habitat for our native butterflies and bees. They will thank you by pollinating your veggies.

Did you know there are over 1500 species of native bees in Australia?

Blue Banded Bee Amegilla cingulata

Plant these wildflowers for our pollinators.



Yellow Admiral Vanessa itea



DrumsticksPycnosorus globosus



Wahlenbergia

Bluebells

Chocolate Lily
Dichopogon strictus
(they really do smell
like chocolate!)

These plants are available at many Indigenous plant nurseries.





Austral Stork's-bill
Pelargonium australe

Many native animals only nest in tree hollows, but a tree hollow takes over 100 years to form! This means we need to protect our big, old trees and their hollows, and plant more trees so there are hollows in the future.

Can you name these animals that nest in tree hollows? Write them in the box on the right.

N These animals are nocturnal, which means they are active at night and sleep during the day.

TRES AS LABITAT





We all need to do our part in reducing the amount of waste we make. Try these challenges at home instead of buying something new.



Explore your local op shop for some funky second-hand clothes. Get crafty and add some personal touches to your new outfit.



Pack your school lunch into reusable containers to reduce the amount of plastic packaging going in the bin.



Do a toy swap with your friends or donate your old toys to charity.



Don't forget your reusable bags when you go shopping!



(ollect scrap pieces of paper and cardboard to use in your craft or school projects.







WETLAND DETECTIVE

Visit Heathdale Glen Orden Wetland and put your explorer hat on! Find the things in the list and write down your notes while you're exploring.

Heathdale Glen Orden Wetland -Rosella Ave, Werribee

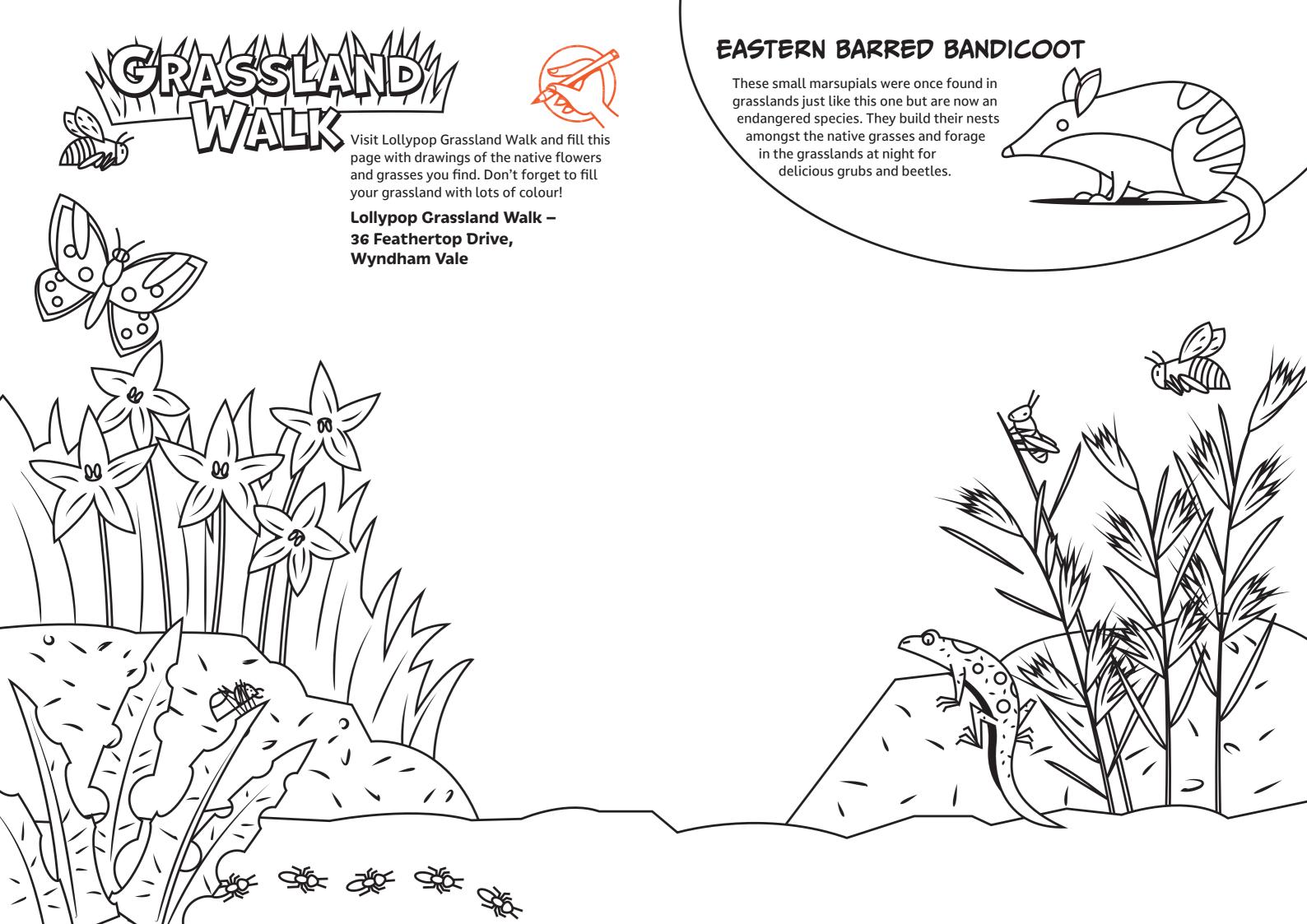
What to find	Your Field Notes
Magpies They like to eat the worms that live in the soil around the wetlands.	What is the Magpie/s doing?
Can you find a trail of ants collecting food for their colony?	Follow their trail, where does it lead to?
Find a gum leaf and crush it in your hand - what does it smell like?	Do gum leaves from different trees smell different?
These are great for lizards to bask on in the grasslands.	How many rocks can you find?
There are 214 known species of frogs in Australia.	How many different kinds of frogs can you hear calling?
Willie Wagtail They get their name from their constant sideways wagging of their tail.	Watch this funny bird and make notes about what it was doing and why.

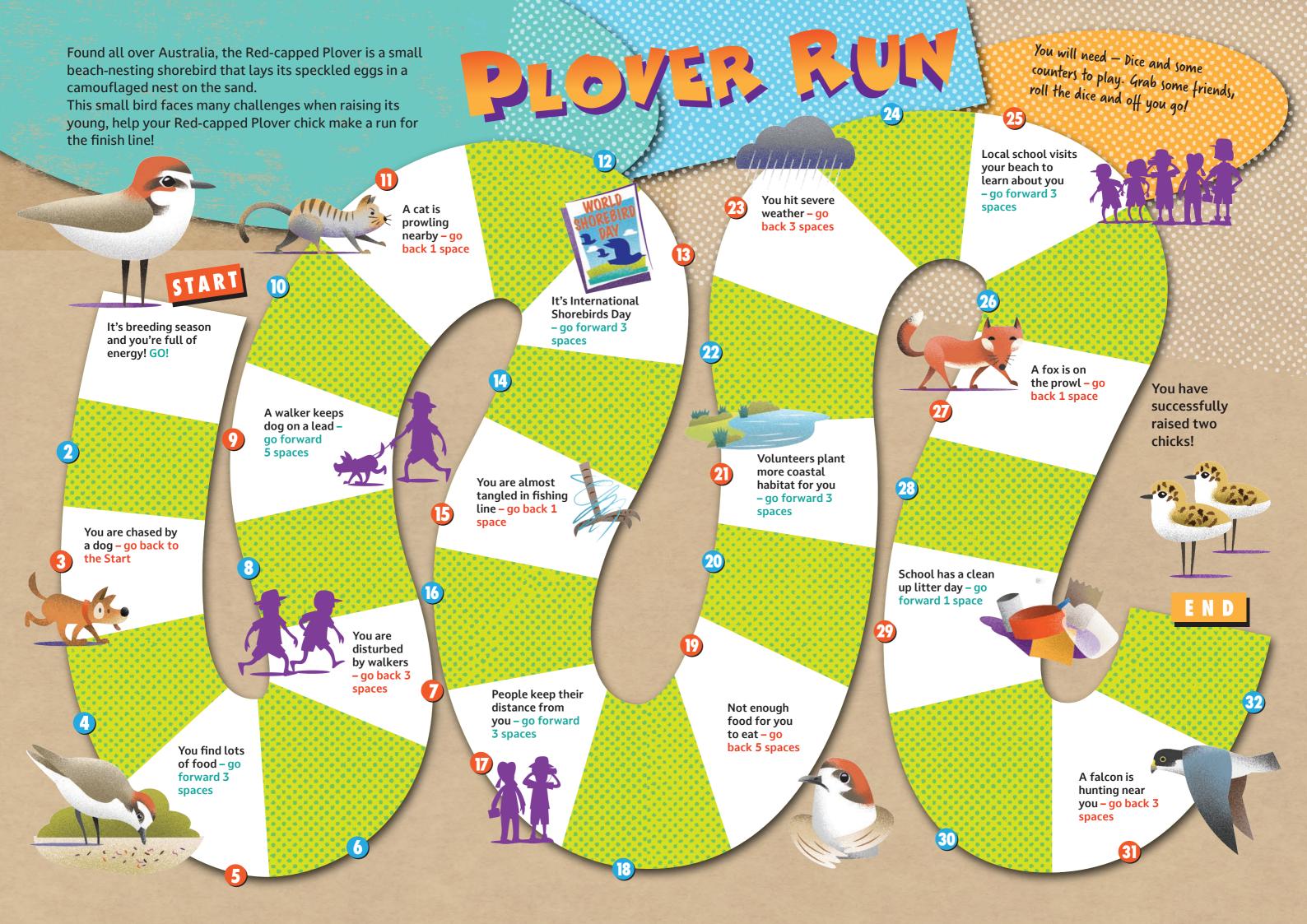
Wetlands are important in urban areas because they help to clean the water that runs off our roads when it rains – this is called stormwater. They also create habitat for animals such as frogs and waterbirds.

Pick up three pieces of litter each time you visit a wetland and put them in the bin, this helps keep our wildlife safe.

Please don't feed the ducks, bread isn't very good for them.

AND THE STATE OF T		
What to find	Your Field Notes	
Cormorants There are different species of Cormorants in Australia, but they are all great swimmers.	What colour was the (ormorant that you saw? Don't forget the colour of it's beak and legs!	
Find an interesting shaped leaf.	Draw a picture of it here.	
Purple Swamphen These waterbirds are often seen flicking their tails and grazing near waterways.	Why do you think their feet are so big?	
Can you find a water plant that looks like a four-leaf clover?	Draw what you found.	
Pacific Black Duck Their favourite food is aquatic plants but they also eat small insects and crustaceans.	How many have you found?	





WANDERER

Help this Plains Wanderer avoid the THREATS and get back to her home in the grasslands.

THREATS

Housing

and farming

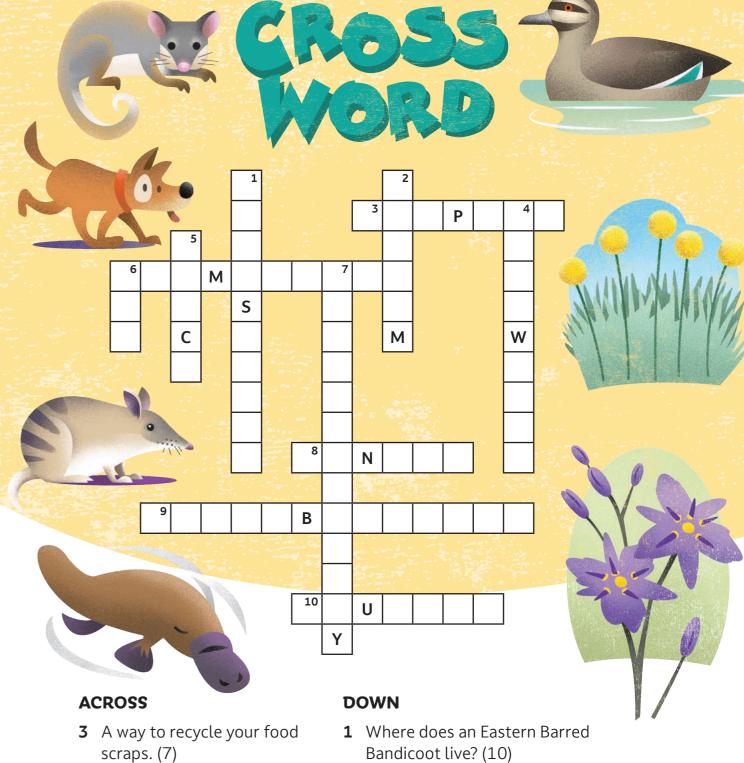
I'm a fussy ground-dwelling bird and I like my grassland home to be just right but most of my habitat is now gone.



Foxes

Fires

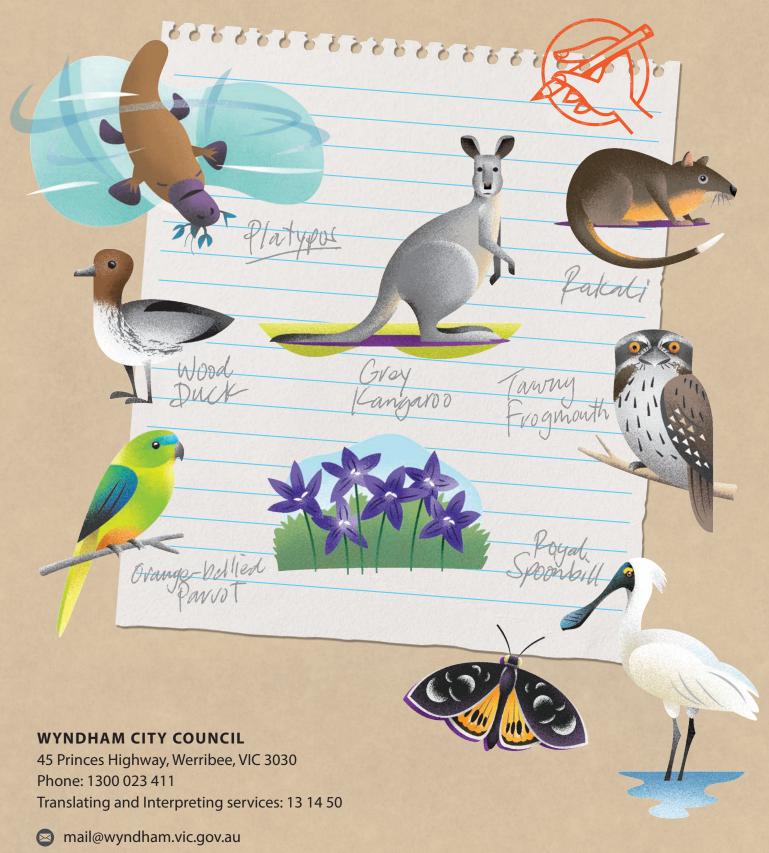
Cats



- 6 A plant that you can grow in your pollinator garden that is also used to play a musical instrument? (10)
- 8 A nude food that has its own natural wrapper. (6)
- **9** A river in Wyndham where platypus live. (8, 5)
- **10** Which bin does your recycling **7** Native flower that smells go into? (4, 3)

- 2 I'm noctural and live in a tree hollow. (6)
- 4 Taking shorter showers will help to. (4, 5)
- 5 Don't feed us bread, it's bad for our health. (5)
- 6 If I'm not on a lead I might chase nesting shore birds. (3)
- like chocolate? (9, 4)





www.wyndham.vic.gov.au

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