Coral Gum

Eucalyptus torquata



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Origin

Localised to the central and southern goldfields of inland south-west Western Australia, from Kalgoorlie and Coolgardie south to Norseman.

Characteristics

Small evergreen tree. Persistent rough grey-black bark on trunk grading to smooth grey-brown bark on upper branches.
Distinctive orange-pink flowers with strongly beaked cap and basal ribs, most prolific in late spring/early summer. Fruits are cylinder-shaped, also with prominent basal ribs.

Tolerances

High tolerance of drought. Poor tolerance of shade, humidity and high soil moisture.



Description

Typical height: 4-6 metres

Typical width: 4-6 metres

Growth rate: Moderate

Typical form:

Flat-topped to rounded dense canopy on solitary trunk.

Facts and Trivia

Torquate is from Latin, torquatus, having a twisted collar or ring, referring to the corrugated structure of the base of the flower buds and fruit.

An attractive but highly variable hybrid of E. torquata and E. woodwardii (Lemon-flowered Gum) is sold as E. × 'Torwood', which retains some of the distinctive ribs on the fruit and yellow-to-orange flowers and has a less compact canopy.