# River Red Gum

# **Eucalyptus camaldulensis**



Images: Treelogic P/L ©

#### Origin

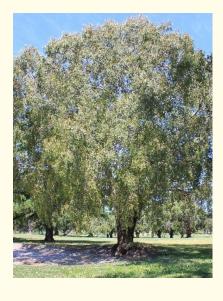
Mainland Australia (seven subspecies), typically along inland rivers and floodplains

#### Characteristics

Medium to large evergreen tree. Develops thick trunk with heavy limbs. Greyish trunk with cream, red, or dark-grey patches, irregularly shed, and rough, persistent bark at base. Strongly beaked caps on flower buds; fruits with distinct, projecting valves (usually 4).

#### **Tolerances**

High tolerance of periodic waterlogging.



## Description

Typical height: 15-25 metres

Typical width: 12-25 metres

Growth rate: Moderate

Typical form: Broad domed

### Facts and Trivia

The most widespread eucalypt in Australia and the most commonly planted eucalypt outside of Australia.

Easily distinguished from eastern Red Gums (e.g. E. tereticornis, E. blakelyi) by the very pinched, beaked bud cap.

Is known to hybridise with other gums, e.g. E. ×studleyensis (crossed with E. ovata) found around Kew, Viewbank, Watsonia, and E. ×oxypoma (crossed with E. largiflorens) around northern/western Vic (Dimboola, Horsham, Keerang).